

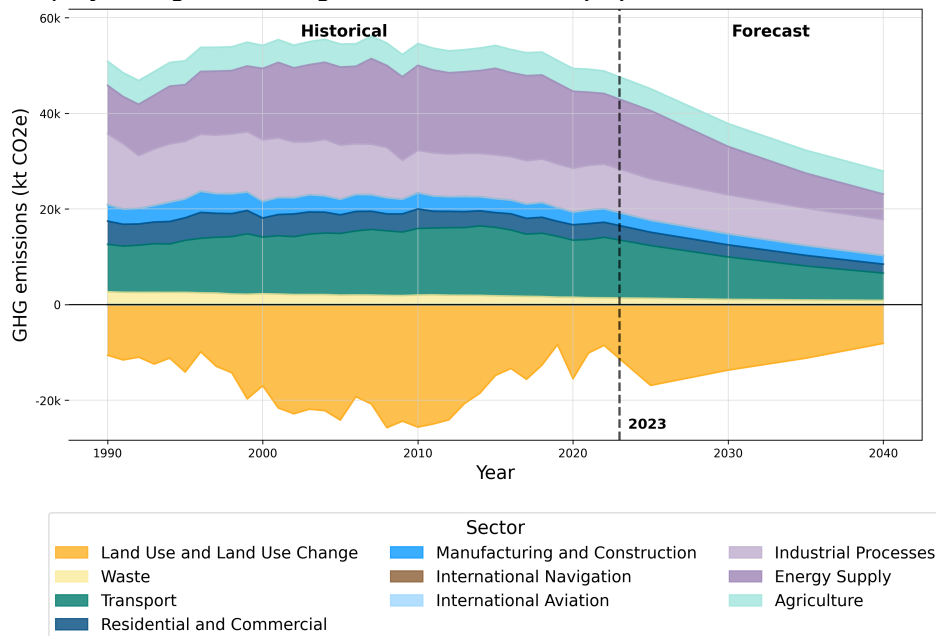


National system for policies and measures and greenhouse gas projections of Norway

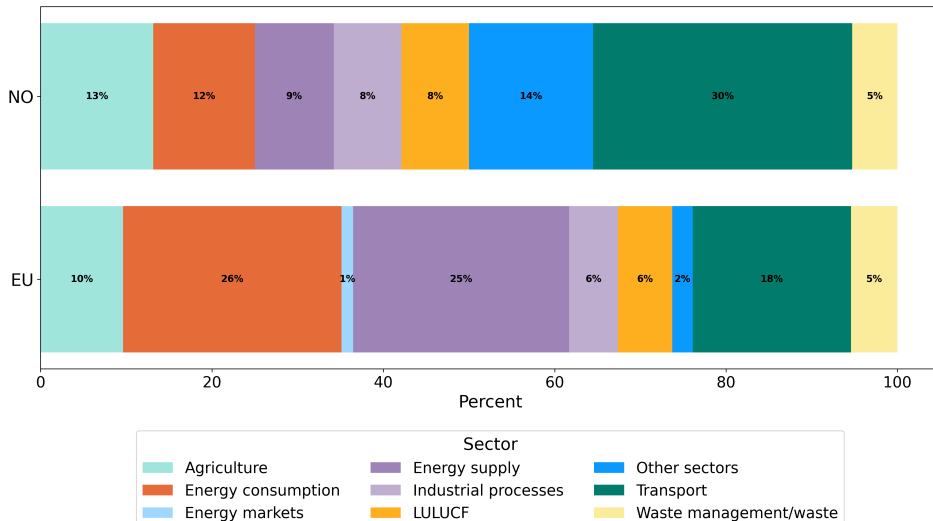
Information reported in 2025

A robust and complete national system ensures the delivery of good-quality information on the projections of anthropogenic greenhouse gas emissions by sources and removals by sinks, as well as policies and measures in place to implement National Climate and Energy Plans. The two figures provide an overview of the information submitted by Norway in 2025, enabled by the national system, as laid out below.

Historical and projected greenhouse gas emission in Norway by sector in 2025.



Reported climate and energy Policies and Measures by affected sector in Norway.



Institutional and procedural robustness

Institutional arrangements

Policies and measures

The Ministry of Climate and Environment has the overarching cross-sectoral responsibility for co-ordination and implementation of the Norwegian climate policy. Other Ministries are responsible for developing and implementing policies in their respective sectors. The Ministry of Finance is responsible for the economic and tax policy, including green taxes. Other key contributing entities are the Norwegian Environment Agency, the Ministry of Transport, the Ministry of Agriculture and Food, the Ministry of Energy, the Ministry of Trade, Industry and Fisheries and the Ministry of Local Government and Modernisation.

Projections

The Ministry of Finance is responsible for the emission projections. The projections are prepared in cooperation with the Norwegian Environment Agency. Other key contributing entities are the Ministry of Climate and Environment, Ministry of Transport, the Ministry of Agriculture and Food, the Ministry of Energy, the Ministry of Trade, Industry and Fisheries, The Norwegian Public Roads Administration and the The Norwegian Water Resources and Energy Directorate.

Procedural and administrative arrangements and timescales

The national system is continuously being improved. A «with planned measures» projections scenario has been reported for the first time.

Procedures for the official consideration and approval of the Member States national system

NA

Description of the information collection process

Policies and measures are developed based on information on emissions and technological status and also knowledge gathered in connection with developing projections. There has been several major reports commissioned from relevant government agencies on several occasions. For the past three years, the Norwegian Environment Agency has published an annual report with an update on possible climate measures, barriers and policy instruments in Norway towards 2030 and 2035. The current government has annually reported on its climate policy in the document "The Government's Climate Status and Plan", which is submitted as an annex to the National Budget.

Description of the process for selecting assumptions, methodologies and models for making projections of anthropogenic greenhouse gas emissions

The projections seek to capture general developments and trends in the actions of a few hundred thousand businesses and several million people. The projections are, in line with international guidelines, based on a continuation of the current climate policy orientation, both in Norway and internationally. The projections are based on emissions accounts and national accounts from Statistics Norway, which form the descriptive basis for Statistics Norway's economic model SNOW, which is used in preparing the projections. The model is supplemented by more detailed bottom up analyses for major sectors.

Institutional administrative and procedural arrangements for domestic implementation of EU's NDC

The climate change act introduces an annual reporting mechanism. The Government shall each

year submit to the Parliament updated information on status and progress in achieving the climate targets under the law, and how Norway prepares for and adapts to climate change. The reporting according to the climate change act is important for tracking Norway's progress towards its national determined contribution.

Formality

Legal arrangements

No

Alignment with other reporting frameworks

GHG inventory reporting

Norway's greenhouse gas (GHG) inventory is prepared in accordance with the modalities, procedures and guidelines in the annex of decision 18/CMA.1 and decision 5/CMA.3. The reporting consists of a National Inventory Document (NID) and the associated Common Reporting Tables (CRT). The NID and the CRT tables serve as Norway's reporting both under the Paris Agreement and under the Convention. The Norwegian national system system for the GHG inventory is lead by the Norwegian Environment Agency and builds on the cooperation between the Norwegian Environment Agency, Statistics Norway and the Norwegian Institute of Bioeconomy Research. The projections include a calibration with the GHG inventory. The assessment of effects of policies and measures strive to be consistent with the historic GHG inventory (ex post) or the projections (ex ante).

Article 17 of the Governance Regulation (EU) 2018/1999 (NECPR)

NA

Accountability and transparency

Quality control activities

Quality control activities are not separate processes, but integrated parts of the preparations of policies and measures and projections. A public committee, Teknisk beregningsutvalg for klima, reviewed methods used for climate analysis and suggest improvements. The Committee delivered a report to the government in 2024.

Public participation

Stakeholder engagement

Norway aims to have a high degree of transparency and broad involvement in environmental policymaking and implementation of regulations. Norwegian environmental authorities have a long tradition of including the civil society in environmental policymaking. Legal proposals (laws and regulations) are generally subject to open hearings where civil society can voice their opinion. Civil society can also interact with the government and the Parliament in relation to other policy tools, such as budget proposals and white papers.

The Ministry of Climate and Environment also provides financial support for NGOs to participate in different international meetings. Norway also aims to involve the NGOs in the preparations for such meetings, and to give them the possibilities to contribute actively during the meetings. NGOs are represented in the official Norwegian delegation under UN Climate Negotiations. European



legislation through the EEA is an important pillar in Norwegian environmental policy, including on climate change. Norway also has an EEA environment reference group, where civil society is represented, together with governmental organisations. The purpose is to let the organisations participate in the consultation process before EEA environmental legislation is implemented in the EEA Agreement.

Contact information for entities with overall responsibility for National Systems

Policies and measures

Lead entity: Ministry of Climate and Environment [postmottak@kld.dep.no]

Projections

Lead entity: Ministry of Finance [postmottak@fin.dep.no]